



NRCA COVID-19 SYMPTOM SCREENING

If you reply **YES** to any of the 3 questions below, please:

- ✓ Self-Quarantine
- ✓ Consult your student's healthcare provider for further direction
- ✓ Consider COVID-19 testing

1

Is your student experiencing any of the following symptoms?



Congestion or Runny Nose



Cough



Fever 100+



Sore Throat



Diarrhea



Nausea



Chills



Fatigue and Muscle Pain



Loss of Taste or Smell



Shortness of Breath

2

Has your student been in close contact with an individual diagnosed with COVID-19 or has your child been told to quarantine?

3

Has your student or anyone in the household been told to isolate due a positive COVID-19 test or COVID-19 like symptoms?

IF YOU ANSWERED YES TO ANY OF THE PREVIOUS QUESTIONS, YOUR CHILD MAY NOT COME TO SCHOOL

Returning to NRCA Campus

Students can return to NRCA when a family member can ensure that they can answer YES to ALL three questions:

- Has it been at least 14 days since the student first had symptoms?
- Has it been at least 3 days since the student had a fever (without using fever reducing medicine)?
- Has it been at least 3 days since the student's symptoms have improved, including cough and shortness of breath?

If a student has had a negative COVID-19 test, they can return to school once there is no fever without the use of fever reducing medicines and they have felt well for 24 hours.

If a student has been diagnosed with COVID-19 but does not have symptoms, they should remain out of school until 14 days have passed since the date of their first positive COVID-19 diagnostic test, assuming they have not subsequently developed symptoms since their positive test.

If a student has been determined to have been in close contact with someone diagnosed with COVID-19, they should remain out of school for 14 days since the last known contact, unless they test positive. In which case, criteria above would apply. They must complete the full 14 days of quarantine even if they test negative.

A student can return to school, following normal school policies, if they receive confirmation of an alternative diagnosis from a health care provider that would explain the COVID-19-like symptom(s), once there is no fever without the use of fever-reducing medicines and they have felt well for 24 hours.